This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Original) A process for sequestrating carbon emitted into the atmosphere, characterized in that it comprises:
 - a) a step for concentrating CO₂ in the liquid phase;
 - b) a step for electro-reduction in an aprotic medium to a compound in which the carbon changes to oxidation number +3 in the form of oxalic acid or formic acid;
 - c) if appropriate, a step for re-extracting oxalic or formic acid in the aqueous phase; and
 - d) a step for mineralization by reacting said compound with a compound of an element M, producing a mineral in which the atomic ratio C/M is about 2/1.
- 2. (Original) A process according to claim 1, characterized in that step a) for concentration in the liquid phase consists of liquefying CO₂, the liquid CO₂ then being obtained under pressure, for example in the supercritical state.
- 3. (Original) A process according to claim 1, characterized in that step a) for concentration in the liquid phase consists of absorbing CO₂ in a polar aprotic liquid, not miscible with water or miscible with water in various proportions.
- 4. (Original) A process according to claim 1, characterized in that step a) for concentration in the liquid phase consists of absorbing CO₂ in an aprotic ionic liquid not miscible with water or miscible with water in various proportions.
- (Original) A process according to claim 4, characterized in that said ionic liquid consists
 of 1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate.

- 6. (Original) A process according to claim 1, characterized in that step a) for concentration in the liquid phase consists of absorbing CO₂ in an aqueous phase containing an alcohol and/or an amine.
- 7. (Original) A process according to claim 1, characterized in that step a) for concentration in the liquid phase consists of absorbing CO₂ in the hydrated form, said concentration being activated by an enzymatic pathway.
- 8. (Original) A process according to claim 7, characterized in that the hydration activating enzyme is carbonic anhydrase.
- 9. (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 8, characterized in that the solution obtained is then recycled to a process for absorption of CO₂ in the an aqueous phase in the presence of an alcohol and/or amine in accordance with claim 6.
- 10. (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 6 or claim 9, characterized in that the aqueous solution obtained is recycled to a liquefaction process in accordance with claim 2 of CO₂ under pressure.
- (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 6 or claim 7, characterized in that the aqueous solution obtained is transferred to an ionic liquid medium which is insoluble in water by a liquid-liquid extraction process.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 11 claim 1, in which the electro-reduction step b) is carried out at a pH in the range 3 to 10 and with an anode maintained at a potential of +0.5 to -3.5 volts with respect to the normal hydrogen electrode.
- 13. (Original) A process according to claim 12, in which the pH is in the range 3 to 7.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 12 or claim-13, in which the anode used in the electro-reduction step is constituted by platinum, diamond-doped with boron

- or carbon doped with nitrogen.
- 15. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 14 claim 1, in which the electro-reduction step b) is carried out in liquid CO₂ under pressure.
- 16. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 15 claim 1, in which the compound from electro-reduction step b) is oxalic acid or an oxalate.
- 17. (Original) A process according to claim 16, in which the oxalic acid or oxalate, obtained in a non-aqueous medium, is re-extracted using an aqueous phase.
- 18. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 17 claim 1 in which, at the end of step a), liquid CO₂ is injected into a subterranean CO₂ store.
- 19. (Original) A process according to claim 18, in which electro-reduction step b) is carried out in the subterranean CO₂ store.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 18 claim 1, in which the final mineralization step consists of attack of a carbonated mineral by an aqueous solution of oxalic acid or formic acid from the electro-reduction step.
- 21. (Original) A process according to claim 19, in which said carbonated mineral consists of a calciferous or magnesia-containing carbonated mineral.
- 22. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 20 claim 1, in which the element M is calcium and the mineral formed is Whewellite, CaC₂O₄.H₂O.
- 23. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 21 claim 1, in which the mineralization step takes place by bringing the aqueous solution of oxalic acid or formic acid from the electro-reduction step into contact with a calciferous or magnesia-containing sedimentary rock.
- 24. (Currently Amended) A process according to one of claims 1 to 22 claim 1, in which the final mineralization step is carried out by injection into the substratum.